B.A. Semester – III

Subject: ECONOMICS Discipline Specific Course (DSC)

The course Economics in III semester has two papers (Paper I & II) for 06 credits: Each paper has 03 credits. Both the papers are compulsory. Details of the courses are as under.

Course No.-5 (Paper No. I)

Course No.	Type of Course	Theory / Practical	Credits	Instruction hour per week	Total No. of Lectures/Hours / Semester	Duration of Exam	Formative Assessment Marks	Summative Assessment Marks	Total Marks
Course No.5	DSCC	Theory	03	03	42 hrs	2hrs	40	60	100

Course No.5 (Paper-I):

Title of the Course (Paper-I): Intermediate Micro Economics (Code: 013EC0011)

Course Outcomes (COs): After the successful completion of the course, the student will be able to:

- **CO1:** Understand introductory economic concepts.
- **CO2:** Know the ordinal measurement of utility and be able to understand decision making process of consumer
- CO 3: Understand and explain the production function graphically and analytically
- CO3: Be able to understand a cost equation and estimate it
- **CO4:** Explain how equilibrium is achieved in the various market models.
- **CO5:** Recognize the basic concepts of factor incomes

Syllabus- C	Syllabus- Course 5: Title- Intermediate Micro Economics				
Unit 1	Basics of Mic	Basics of Microeconomics			
	Chapter 1	6 hrs			
		Scarcity and Choice;			
		Opportunity cost;			
		Production possibility frontier;			
	Price mechanism v/s state intervention				
		Types of Goods (Free Goods, Economic Goods, Public and			
		Private goods, Common Property Resources, Club goods).			
	Chapter 2	Chapter:2 Consumption decision:	8 hrs		
		Indifference curves – Meaning and Properties; budget			
		constraint;			
		Consumer's Equilibrium;			
		Revealed Preference Theory;			
		Choice between leisure and income.			

	e assignment of	n Consumer's equilibrium through indifference curve analysis		
🕞 🕨 Semin	ar on Concepts	of Micro Economics		
Condu	icting a consum	er survey to understand their tastes and preferences		
Unit -2:	Production a	and Costs		
	Chapter 3	The Firms:	8 hrs	
		Concept of firm and Industry; Production Function with Two variable inputs: Properties of Isoquant, isocost line and least cost combination of inputs; Production function with all variable inputs (Returns to Scale); Features of Cobb-Douglas Production Function		
	Chapter 4	Cost of Production:	6 hrs	
		Cost function and estimation: Linear and Non-Linear (cubic and quadratic) and applications ; Economies and Diseconomies of scale		
Practicum➢ Group➢ Project	n: Discussion on t work on cost :	Economies and Diseconomies of scale functions and cost estimations		
Unit -3:	Price Determination of products and factors			
1	Chapter 5	The Markets -I:	4 hrs	
l		Perfect Competition: Price determination of an industry under		
		different time periods and equilibrium of firm under short run and long run; (some numerical exercises) Monopoly pricing and price discrimination: (some numerical		
		different time periods and equilibrium of firm under short run and long run; (some numerical exercises) Monopoly pricing and price discrimination; (some numerical exercises)		
	Chapter 6	different time periods and equilibrium of firm under short run and long run; (some numerical exercises) Monopoly pricing and price discrimination; (some numerical exercises) The Markets-II: Pricing under Monopolistic Competition; equilibrium of firm under product differentiation and selling costs; Oligenalue Interdemendence, and price rigidity. Colluging	5 hrs	
	Chapter 6	 different time periods and equilibrium of firm under short run and long run; (some numerical exercises) Monopoly pricing and price discrimination; (some numerical exercises) The Markets-II: Pricing under Monopolistic Competition; equilibrium of firm under product differentiation and selling costs; Oligopoly – Interdependence and price rigidity, Collusive (Cartels and Price leadership) and non-collusive oligopoly (Cournot model); Elements of Game theory (players, strategy, Payoff matrix) 	5 hrs	
	Chapter 6 Chapter 7	 different time periods and equilibrium of firm under short run and long run; (some numerical exercises) Monopoly pricing and price discrimination; (some numerical exercises) The Markets-II: Pricing under Monopolistic Competition; equilibrium of firm under product differentiation and selling costs; Oligopoly – Interdependence and price rigidity, Collusive (Cartels and Price leadership) and non-collusive oligopoly (Cournot model); Elements of Game theory (players, strategy, Payoff matrix) The Inputs (Factors) Functional and Personal Income; Marginal Productivity Theory of Distribution; Modem theory of distribution; Concepts related to rent, wage, interest and profit. 	5 hrs 5 hrs	

Understanding distribution of national income as factor incomes

Refe	erences
1	Ahuja, H.L. (2008): Principles of Microeconomics, S. Chand and Co., New Delhi
2	Mankiw, N. Gregory (2020). Principles of Economics (Ninth ed.). Boston, MA.
3	Jhingan, M.L. (2016): Microeconomics, Vrinda Publications, New Delhi
4	Koutsoyianis, A (1979): Modern Microeconomics, London, Macmillan
5	Omkarnath, G. (2012: Economics: A Primer for India, Orient Blackswan, Hyderabad
6	Samuelson, Paul (2004): Economics, McGraw-Hill, New Delhi
7	Krishnaiahgouda H.R. (2020): Sookshma Arthashastra (Kannada medium) Sapna Book House, Bengaluru
8	https://www.core-econ.org/the-economy/book/text/0-3-contents.html
9	Somashekhar Ne. Thi., Sookshma Arthashastra (Kannada medium), Sidhlingeshwara Prakashana, Kalburgi.
10	Varshney R L and Maheswari K L (2021): Managerial Economics, Sultan Chand and Sons, New Delhi

Pedagogy: Lecture, Problem solving, seminar, presentation, activities, group discussion, field visit, project work, etc.,

B.A. Semester – III

Subject: ECONOMICS Discipline Specific Course (DSC)

Course No.-6 (Paper No. II)

Course No.	Type of Course	Theory / Practical	Credits	Instruction hour per week	Total No. of Lectures/Hours / Semester	Duration of Exam	Formative Assessment Marks	Summative Assessment Marks	Total Marks
Course No.6	DSCC	Theory	03	03	42 hrs	2hrs	40	60	100

Course No.6 (Paper-II): Title of the Course (Paper-II): Quantitative Methods for Economics-I (Code: 013EC0012)

Course Outcomes (COs): After the successful completion of the course, the student will be able to:

CO1: Perform basic operations in Sets and functions and Matrix algebra.

CO2:Calculate limits, derivatives of Economic functions and identify the nature of relationship. **CO3**:Calculate maxima and minima of function

Syllabus-	Syllabus- Course 6: Title- Quantitative Methods for Economics-I			
Unit 1	Preliminari	es	14 hours	
	Chapter 1	Introduction to Mathematical Economics: Nature and scope of mathematical economics- Role of mathematics in economic theory	3 hrs	
	Chapter 2	Number system and Set theory: Types of Numbers: Natural Number, Real number, integers, Ratios and Proportions; Concepts of sets- meaning –types- union of sets- Intersection of sets.	6 hrs	
	Chapter 3	Functions: Meaning and types of Variables, Constants and Functions; Linear and Non-linearFunctions; Quadratic, Polynomial, Logarithmic and Exponential functions	5 hrs	
Unit 2	Economic H	Functions, their Application and Matrices	14 hours	
	Chapter 4	Applications of functions- I Demand Function, Supply function, Graph of Economic Functions, Market equilibrium;Equilibrium price and Quantity, Impact of specific tax and subsidy on market	6 hrs	
	Chapter 5	Applications of Functions -II Simple interest, Compound Interest and discounting the future (exponential function), equilibrium	2 hrs	

	Chapter 6	Matrices:	6 hrs
		Definition and Types of Matrices- Matrix	
		Operations: Addition, Subtraction and Multiplication,	
		Transpose of a Matrix,	
		Determinants of Matrix	
Unit 3	Differential	Calculus and Its Applications	14 Hrs
	Chapter 7	Limits:	4 hrs
		Limits of functions, differentiation, rules of	
		differentiation.	
	Chapter 8	Derivatives of Economic functions:	5hrs
		Derivation of Marginal functions from total	
		function-Utility, Production, Cost, Revenue and	
		Profit functions	
	Chapter 9	Applications of Derivatives and Higher order	5hrs
		derivatives:	
		Elasticity of Demand-Second order derivatives-	
		Maxima and Minima of Economic function.	

Ref	erences
1	Chiang, A. C. and Wainwright, K., "Fundamental Methods of Mathematical Economics",
	McGraw-Hill/Irwin, 4th Edition, 2005.
2	Sydsaeter, K and Hammond, P., Mathematics for Economic Analysis, Pearson Educational
	Asia, 4thEdition, 2002.
3	Allen R.G.D., (2015) Mathematical Analysis for Economists, Macmillan.
4	Bose D., (2003) An Introduction of Mathematical Economics, Himalaya Publishing House,
	Mumbai.
5	Dowling, E. T., "Introduction to Mathematical Economics", McGraw-Hill, 2001.
6	Hoy, M., Livernois, J. McKenna, C, Rees, R. and Stengos, T., "Mathematics for Economics",
	MITPress, 3rd Edition, 2011
7	Veerachamy R (2005) Quantitative Methods for Economics, New Age International
	PublishersPrivate Ltd. New Delhi.
8	Yamane Taro, (2002) Mathematics for Economists -An Implementer Analysis, Phi Learning
	Publishers.
9	S. N. Yogish, Mathematical methods for Economists- Mangaldeep publications, Jaipur.
10	G M Dinesh and K N Muralidhar (2019), arthashatrakkagi ganitashaastra mattu
	sankhyashaastra (kannada medium), Mysore Book House Pub, Mysore
11	Krishnaiah Gowda H R, Vedamurth. G and Parashivamurthy. H L, (2016), Ganitatmaka mattu
	sankhyatmaka Arthashaastra (Kannada medium), Vidyanidhi Prakashana, Gadag

B.A. Semester – IV

Subject: ECONOMICS Discipline Specific Course (DSC)

The course Economics in IV semester has two papers (Paper I & II) for 06 credits: Each paper has 03 credits. Both the papers are compulsory. Details of the courses are as under.

Course No.-7 (Paper No. I)

Course No.	Type of Course	Theory / Practical	Credits	Instruction hour per week	Total No. of Lectures/Hours / Semester	Duration of Exam	Formative Assessment Marks	Summative Assessment Marks	Total Marks
Course No.7	DSCC	Theory	03	03	42 hrs	2hrs	40	60	100

Course No.7 (Paper-I): Title of the Course (Paper-I): Intermediate Macro Economics (Code: 014EC0011)

Course Outcomes (COs): After the successful completion of the course, the student will be able to:

- CO1: Comprehend and explain the classical theory of employment
- CO2: Understand the Theories of Determination of National Income
- CO3: Explain the working of multiplier and accelerator in national income determination
- CO 4: Understand and explain the tradeoff between inflation and unemployment
- CO 5: Workout numerical problems regarding consumption function, investment function and value of money

Syllabus	Syllabus- Course 7: Title- Intermediate Macro Economics					
Unit 1	Theory of Na	Theory of National Income Determination				
	Chapter 1	Chapter 1 Classical Framework:				
		1. Typical Features of classical theory of employment;				
		Assumptions				
	2. Basis of Classical theory:					
		Say's Law				
	Pigou's wage price flexibility					
		Fisher's Quantity theory of money				
		Knut Wicksell's loanable funds theory				
	Classical dichotomy and neutrality of money					
		3. Criticism of classical theory				

	Chapter 2	The Keynesian Framework	7 hrs
	-	1. Introductory: connecting growth of national income to	
		development; why incomes of all fall or rise? Are income,	
		output, and employment related?	
		2. Some Basic concepts: The idea of equilibrium and	
		identity; ex- ante and ex-post concepts.	
		3. Aggregate Demand and its components	
		a. Consumption function: Marginal and Average	
		propensity to consume: Algebraic and Graphical	
		explanation;	
		b. Investment function; savings and investment relationship.	
		4. Aggregate Supply: Meaning and graphical explanation;	
		5. Effective demand; Determination of national income in	
		Keynes' two sector economy with Aggregate Demand and	
		Aggregate Supply with fixed prices: Analytical /Graphical	
		and algebraic explanation; numerical problems	
		6. Determination of national income in Keynes' two	
		sector economy with investment and savings with fixed	
		prices: Analytical /Graphical and algebraic explanation;	
		numerical problems	
Pra	acticum:	1) Prepare an assignment on Income and Employment	
		determination of Keynes	
		2) Seminar on features of classical theory of employment	
TT			1.4.1
Unit 2	Aggregate Co	onsumption and Investment	14 hrs
Unit 2	Aggregate Co Chapter 3	onsumption and Investment Theories of Determinants of Consumption:	14 hrs 5 hrs
Unit 2	Aggregate Co Chapter 3	Image: Consumption and Investment Theories of Determinants of Consumption: 1. Keynesian Psychological Law of consumption;	14 hrs 5 hrs
Unit 2	Aggregate Co Chapter 3	onsumption and Investment Theories of Determinants of Consumption: 1. Keynesian Psychological Law of consumption; determinants	14 hrs 5 hrs
Unit 2	Aggregate Co Chapter 3	Onsumption and Investment Theories of Determinants of Consumption: 1. Keynesian Psychological Law of consumption; determinants 2. Permanent Income hypothesis of Milton Friedman	14 hrs 5 hrs
Unit 2	Aggregate Co Chapter 3 Chapter 4	Image: Second system	14 hrs 5 hrs 4 hrs
Unit 2	Aggregate Co Chapter 3 Chapter 4	Image: Construct of the system of the sys	14 hrs 5 hrs 4 hrs
Unit 2	Aggregate Co Chapter 3 Chapter 4	Image: Second system Image: Second system Image: Second system Image: Second system 1. Keynesian Psychological Law of consumption; determinants 2. Permanent Income hypothesis of Milton Friedman Investment: 1. 1. Types of investment 2. Determinants of investment:	14 hrs 5 hrs 4 hrs
Unit 2	Aggregate Co Chapter 3 Chapter 4	Image: Second system Image: Second system Image: Second system 1. Keynesian Psychological Law of consumption; determinants 2. Permanent Income hypothesis of Milton Friedman Imvestment: 1. 1. Types of investment 2. Determinants of investment: 1. Types of investment 2. Determinants of investment: a. rate of interest b. marginal efficiency of capital: meaning and	14 hrs 5 hrs 4 hrs
Unit 2	Aggregate Co Chapter 3 Chapter 4	Image: Second system Image: Second system Image: Second system 1. Keynesian Psychological Law of consumption; determinants 2. Permanent Income hypothesis of Milton Friedman Investment: 1. 1. Types of investment 2. Determinants of investment: 1. Types of investment 2. Determinants of investment: 1. Types of investment 2. Determinants of investment: a. rate of interest b. marginal efficiency of capital: meaning and determinants:	14 hrs 5 hrs 4 hrs
Unit 2	Aggregate Co Chapter 3 Chapter 4	onsumption and Investment Theories of Determinants of Consumption: 1. Keynesian Psychological Law of consumption; determinants 2. Permanent Income hypothesis of Milton Friedman Investment: 1. Types of investment 2. Determinants of investment: a. rate of interest b. marginal efficiency of capital: meaning and determinants; Concents of Multiplier and Accelerator	14 hrs 5 hrs 4 hrs
Unit 2	Aggregate Co Chapter 3 Chapter 4 Chapter 5	onsumption and Investment Theories of Determinants of Consumption: 1. Keynesian Psychological Law of consumption; determinants 2. Permanent Income hypothesis of Milton Friedman Investment: Imvestment: 1. Types of investment 2. Determinants of investment: a. rate of interest b. marginal efficiency of capital: meaning and determinants; Concepts of Multiplier and Accelerator 1. Investment Multiplier: Meaning , process of working	14 hrs 5 hrs 4 hrs 5 hrs
Unit 2	Aggregate Co Chapter 3 Chapter 4 Chapter 5	Image: Second system of the	14 hrs 5 hrs 4 hrs 5 hrs
Unit 2	Aggregate Co Chapter 3 Chapter 4 Chapter 5	Image: Second system of the	14 hrs 5 hrs 4 hrs 5 hrs
Unit 2	Aggregate Co Chapter 3 Chapter 4 Chapter 5	Image: Second system of the	14 hrs 5 hrs 4 hrs 5 hrs
Unit 2	Aggregate Co Chapter 3 Chapter 4 Chapter 5	onsumption and Investment Theories of Determinants of Consumption: 1. Keynesian Psychological Law of consumption; determinants 2. Permanent Income hypothesis of Milton Friedman Investment: 1. Types of investment 2. Determinants of investment: 1. Types of investment 2. Determinants of investment: a. rate of interest b. marginal efficiency of capital: meaning and determinants; Concepts of Multiplier and Accelerator 1. Investment Multiplier: Meaning , process of working and leakages; 2. Accelerator : Meaning and working 3. Interaction of Multiplier and Accelerator 1) Activity: Solve problems on consumption function	14 hrs 5 hrs 4 hrs 5 hrs
Unit 2	Aggregate Co Chapter 3 Chapter 4 Chapter 5	Image: Second system of the	14 hrs 5 hrs 4 hrs 5 hrs
Unit 2	Aggregate Co Chapter 3 Chapter 4 Chapter 5	Image: Second system of the	14 hrs 5 hrs 4 hrs 5 hrs
Unit 2	Aggregate Co Chapter 3 Chapter 4 Chapter 5	Image: Second Structure Image: Second Structure Image: Second Structure Image: Second Structure <th>14 hrs 5 hrs 4 hrs 5 hrs</th>	14 hrs 5 hrs 4 hrs 5 hrs
Unit 2	Aggregate Co Chapter 3 Chapter 4 Chapter 5	Image: Second Structure Image: Second Structure Image: Second Structure Image: Second Structure <th>14 hrs 5 hrs 4 hrs 5 hrs</th>	14 hrs 5 hrs 4 hrs 5 hrs
Unit 2	Aggregate Co Chapter 3 Chapter 4 Chapter 5	 Theories of Determinants of Consumption: Keynesian Psychological Law of consumption; determinants Permanent Income hypothesis of Milton Friedman Investment: Types of investment Determinants of investment: rate of interest marginal efficiency of capital: meaning and determinants; Concepts of Multiplier and Accelerator Investment Multiplier: Meaning , process of working and leakages; Accelerator : Meaning and working Interaction of Multiplier and Accelerator	14 hrs 5 hrs 4 hrs 5 hrs

Unit 3	Monetary Ec	onomics	14 hrs
	Chapter 6	Demand for and Supply of Money	7 hrs
		1. Quantity theory of Money	
		a) Cash transactions approach	
		b) Cambridge approach	
		c) Comparison of the two approaches	
	Chapter 7 Inflation and Unemployment:		7 hrs
		a) The tradeoff: Phillips curve	
		b) Adaptive expectations model of Friedman	
		c) Rational Expectations Model of Robert Lucas	
Pr	acticum	1) Numerical exercises with regard to cash transaction and	
		cash balance approaches	
		2) Discussion on short run and long run Phillips curve	

Ref	References			
1	Ackley, G. (1976), Macroeconomics: Theory and Policy, Macmillan Publishing			
	Company, NewYork.			
2	Ahuja H (2016), Macro Economics- theory and policy, S Chand and Co			
3	Dwivedi DN (2016) Macro Economics: Theory and Policy, Tata McGraw-Hill			
4	Heijidra, B.J. and F.V. Ploeg (2001), Foundations of Modern macroeconomics, Oxford			
	UniversityPress, Oxford.			
5	Keynes, J.M. (1936), The General theory of Employment, Interest and Money, Machmillan,			
	London.			
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7	Somashekar Ne. Thi., Principles of Macroeconomics, Scientific International Pvt. Ltd.,			
	PublicationsNew Delhi			
8	Somashekar Ne. Thi., Samagra Arthashastra (kannada medium), Siddalingeshwara			
	prakashana, Kalburgi.			
9	H. R. Krishnaiah Gowda Samagra Arthashastra (kannada medium), Mysore book house			
	prakashna, Mysore.			

Pedagogy: Lecture, Problem solving, seminar, presentation, activities, group discussion, field visit, project work, etc.,

B.A. Semester – IV

Subject: ECONOMICS Discipline Specific Course (DSC)

Course No.-8 (Paper No. II)

Course No.	Type of Course	Theory / Practical	Credits	Instruction hour per week	Total No. of Lectures/Hours / Semester	Duration of Exam	Formative Assessment Marks	Summative Assessment Marks	Total Marks
Course No.8	DSCC	Theory	03	03	42 hrs	2hrs	40	60	100

Course No.8 (Paper-II): Title of the Course (Paper-II): Quantitative methods for Economics –II (Code: 014EC0012)

Course Outcomes (COs): After the successful completion of the course, the student will be

able to

CO1:Understand the nature of Data and their presentation

CO2 :Calculate Descriptive statistics like measures of central tendency and dispersion CO3 :Apply statistical techniques like correlation and regression in Economic analysis

Syllabus- Course 8: Title- Quantitative methods for Economics -II			42 Hrs	
Unit 1	Preliminaries			
	Chapter 1	Introduction to Statistics	4 hrs	
	Meaning and Importance of Statistics;			
		Functions of Statistics;		
		Types of Statistics: Descriptive Statistics and Inferential		
		Statistics;		
		Variables: Qualitative Variable and Quantitative Variable		
	Chapter 2	Data types	4 hrs	
		Qualitative and Quantitative Data - CrossSection Data,		
		Time Series Data and Panel Data - Primary and Secondary		
		sources of Data – Methods of Collecting Primary Data		
	Chapter 3 Tabulation and Presentation of Data:			
		Classification and tabulation of data - Frequency distributions		
		– Continuous and Discrete frequency distribution.		
		Graphical presentation- Histogram- frequency polygon - Ogive		
		Curves -Bar Diagram, Pie Chart		
Unit 2	Measures of Central Tendency and Dispersion			
	Chapter 4	Arithmetic Average:	5 hrs	
		Definition of Central Tendency;		
		Types of Central Tendency: Arithmetic Mean: Meaning and		
		Properties of Arithmetic Mean – Computation of Arithmetic		
		Mean		

	Chapter 5	Positional Averages-Median and Mode:	4 hrs		
		Definition and importance of Median-Calculation of Median-			
		Definition and importance of Mode - Calculation of Mode.			
	Chapter 6	Chapter-6: Dispersion:			
		Meaning of Dispersion- Measures of Dispersion- Range-			
		Quartiledeviation - mean deviation - Standard deviation -			
		Coefficient of Variation and Their Computation			
Unit 3	Correlation, Regression and Time Series Analysis				
	Chapter 7	Correlation:	5 hrs		
		Meaning of Correlation - Types of correlation - Methods of			
		measuringCorrelation- Karl Pearson's correlation coefficients			
	Chapter 8	Regression:	5 hrs		
	_	Meaning and Importance of Regression - Regression Equation			
		-Estimation of regression equation - Applications of regression			
		equation in Economics			
	Chapter 9	Time Series Analysis:	4 hrs		
		Definition of Time Series – Components of Time Series –			
		Estimation and Forecasting of Trend			

Ref	References				
1	Gupta S P. (2012) Statistical Methods, S. Chand and Company, New Delhi.				
2	S. C. Gupta, (New edition) Fundamentals of Statistics, Himalaya publishing house, Mumbai.				
3	S. N. Yogish, Statistical methods for Economists- Mangaldeep publications, Jaipur.				
4	Anderson, Sweeney & Williams, (2002) Statistics for Business & Economics, Thomson				
	South-Western, Bangalore.				
5	Daniel and Terrel: Business Statistics for Management and Economics; oaghton Mifflin Co.,				
	Boston, Toronts, 7th Edition, 1995, PP 1 to 972 + 6 Appendices				
6	Medhi, J., Statistical Methods: An Introductory Text, Wiley, 1992				
7	Morris H. Degroot and Mark J. Schervish, "Probability and Statistics", 4th edition, 2012.				
8	Teresa Bradley, Essential Statistics for Economics, Business and Management, John Willey				
	Publisher, 2007				

Pedagogy: Lecture, Problem solving, seminar, presentation, activities, group discussion, field visit, project work, etc.,